PPPL	PRINCETON PLASMA PHYSICS LABORATORY	PROCEDU	JRE No. ENG-052 Rev.0 page 1 of 2
Subject:		Effective Date: July 2, 2010	Initiated by:
Operating Expense (OPEX) Projects Prioritization and Administration			Head, Facilities Division
		Supersedes: NEW	Approved:
			Director

I. APPLICABILITY

This procedure applies to present and proposed Operating Expense (OPEX) activities (i.e., those funded through operations funding) performed at PPPL.

II. INTRODUCTION

Operating Expense (OPEX) Projects play an important role in PPPL's ability to provide for the safe and reliable operation of its facilities. As OPEX funds are limited, a systematic process is used for determining priorities for proposed projects based upon risks and benefits to safe and reliable facility operations.

The Head of Facilities, with concurrence from the Associate Laboratory Director for Engineering & Infrastructure, is the authority for establishing OPEX priorities and annual work plans. The OPEX Committee evaluates proposed projects using the DOE Capital Asset Management Process (CAMP) and provides input to the Facilities Division Head.

III. REFERENCES

PPPL Accounting Manual, Exhibit 8-1 "DOE Fund Definitions"

DOE Accounting Handbook, Chapter 10 "Plant and Capital Equipment"

IV. **DEFINITIONS**

<u>Work Prioritization</u> is the process by which requests for work related to the repair, maintenance and improvement of the Laboratory's infrastructure and site are funded on the basis of need and risk and within available resources.

OPEX (Operating Expense Projects) include projects of with a total estimated cost of \$5,000 to \$50,000 that are not expensed as capital expenditures. OPEX projects, managed by the PPPL Facilities Division, and are necessary for needed repairs, construction, maintenance, and alterations of existing PPPL facilities.

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<u>Responsibility</u>	Action			
Head, Facilities Division	 Issues call for proposed activities annually to all Council members and Division Heads. 			
Council Members and Division Heads	2. Forward proposed projects to the Head, Facilities Division.			
Head, Facilities Division	3. Assembles all project proposals (new and those previously identified) into a list, which includes a brief description of the project and the name of the project advocate.			
	4. Assigns work requests received through the Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS) meeting the current definition of OPEX to the OPEX List for evaluation and prioritization.			
	5. Schedules a meeting of the OPEX committee for evaluation and ranking of project proposals and forwards project documentation to the committee members			
OPEX Committee	6. Discuss, evaluate, scores, and ranks the project proposals using the guidance provided in the CAMP Risk Ranking Criteria (Attachment 1).			
Head, Facilities Division	7. Records results of the committee recommendations and forwards the prioritized OPEX project listing results, along with project cost estimates to the Associate Laboratory Director for Engineering & Infrastructure.			
Associate Director for Engineering & Infrastructure	8. Reviews the priority recommendations, budget, and strategic issues; makes any necessary modifications; and endorses the priority listing.			
Facilities Division	9. Distributes the list of scheduled and queued OPEX projects to Council members and Division Heads for their review and so they are aware and can offer adjustments if circumstances warrant.			
Facilities Division	10. Executes OPEX projects according to the priority list.			
	11. Directs and monitors execution of OPEX projects and makes necessary schedule, cost, and scope adjustments based on available funding, facility restrictions, emergency conditions, and potential changes in priorities of Lab mission related objectives.			

VI. ATTACHMENTS

- 1. CAMP Risk Ranking Criteria (Exerpt from DOE O 4320.2A Attachment IV-1 Page IV-9 Category/Subcategory Benchmark Criteria)
- 2. OPEX Project Prioritization Process Flow Chart

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CAMP Risk Ranking Criteria

CAPITAL ASSET MANAGEMENT PROCESS PRIORITIZATION *

1. INTRODUCTION. Consistency throughout the Department in the prioritization, preparation, and submission of asset management resource requirements is a key element of the Capital Asset Management Process (CAMP). To achieve the desired consistency, all sites shall adopt the CAMP prioritization process discussed in this Chapter. The prioritization process is designed to rate and rank each project. The priority lists shall be updated annually. This process shall be used as a tool to help prioritize projects on a site wide, Field, and Headquarters (HQ) level.

2. BACKGROUND. The CAMP prioritization process is a systematic, structured, and consistent method for determining the preferred order for allocating limited resources to solve problems. This process prioritizes the problems (events, conditions, situations, requirements, etc.) that projects are intended to address. Other methods and techniques are used to assess the appropriateness or readiness of a project; examples are: value engineering, justification reviews, and project validations. For the purposes of this chapter, problems and projects can be thought of as interchangeable in the prioritization process.

a. Development Basis. The CAMP prioritization process was developed on the basis of risk management and reflects the values and culture of the Department. The prioritization criteria consist of the two elements of risk--consequence and probability. They are combined in the criteria statements and are influenced by the terminology and expressions commonly used by the people who work with the various rating criteria categories. The scores represent the risk-consequence and probability of occurrence based on the descriptions under each rating criteria. The rating criteria were developed and positioned based on Departmental intentions and public expectations, appropriate standard industrial practices, and represent the desired level of operational conduct (see Attachment IV-1).

b. Universality. The CAMP prioritization process is universal, encompassing four major categories: (1) health and safety; (2) environment/waste management; (3) safeguards and security; and (4) programmatic. The process provides for expansion, change, and improvements. Further, it can easily accommodate ratings derived from other prioritization systems, as long as the ratings reflect the same values and culture. The rating criteria and scoring process are contained in the Attachments to this Chapter and shall be maintained by HQ. Any changes to the prioritization process will be transmitted with the annual CAMP Call.

* This is an excerpt from DOE O 4320.2A Attachment IV-1 Page IV-9 Category/Subcategory Benchmark Criteria) of which the Head of Facilities Division maintains a copy.

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3. APPROACH. The problem-rating criteria within each of the four major categories and their subcategories are aligned along a scoring scale so that they represent the same severity or priority. Therefore, any rating score in one category or subcategory represents the same problem severity as the same numerical rating score in any other category. This alignment of criteria is crucial to achieve an equivalent, integrated ranking between dissimilar problems or projects.

a. Steps. The CAMP prioritization process consists of four steps: (1) rating; (2) scoring; (3) initial ranking; and (4) final ranking. It is vital that bias be minimized. To this end, ratings are normalized in each step of the consolidation review process Office). This ensures consistency, equitable application of ratings, and fair and accurate comparisons and rankings. The process for developing a total score for each problem/project gives greatest emphasis to the most severe rating, but also recognizes that some problems have multiple dimensions. The process therefore should duly reflect their contributions.

b. Severity Rating Scale. The problem severity ratings span a scale from 20 to 80. The scale could have been infinite, but the two ends were collapsed for ease of use.

c. Benchmark Criteria. To assist in assigning major category ratings, benchmark criteria are given for a number of subcategories under each major category. Subcategory benchmark criteria are shown in Attachment IV-1. The subcategories enable project sponsors to rate problems with reference to specific technical and managerial benchmarks, as a guide to accurate rating. The probability and frequency languages used in the benchmark rating criteria for all four major categories and their respective subcategories are outlined in Attachment IV-2.

d. Sample. A sample of an application of the rating and ranking process is presented in Attachment IV-3.

e. Initial Ranking. Rank initially in descending order according to total rating score. The highest rating score, therefore, is the highest ranked priority. (Note: As previously stated, the benchmarks are defined so that a numeric rating on any scale] denotes problem severity equal to the severity of the same numeric rating on any other scale.) For instance, a problem rating of 52 in the Programmatic Category is as important as a problem rating of 52 on the Health & Safety Category, by design. However, where two or more problems have identical overall problem ratings, their initial rankings shall be determined through a tie breaker by giving priority to each major category in the following order: Health & Safety; Environment/Waste Management; Safeguards and Security; and Programmatic.

f. Final Ranking.

(1) Projects proposed to address the prioritized problems for out-years are seldom thoroughly defined at the time the 5-year plan is prepared and are best ranked according to the severity ratings of the problems they are to address. Once CDRs are completed, project cost, scope, and results are better defined. Nevertheless, projects should continue to be ranked primarily according to problem severity throughout the planning period. Management review of the initial ranking is important to ensure all considerations are reflected in the final ranking. Techniques such as pair-wise comparisons are useful. Supplemental information to adjust rankings may include cost, problem improvement or

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severity reduction (rating reduction effected by the project), scope, readiness of a project, etc. Whether and how supplemental information modifies an installation's initial ranking is left to local discretion.

(2) Rankings may be done for all the problems/projects in the 5-year planning period and then organized into individual fiscal year rankings or ranked initially by year. Because of budget formulation considerations (e.g., funding limitations, project readiness, consolidation of like projects, etc.), actual project budget submissions could result in modifying the order of the yearly rankings.

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CAMP Risk Ranking Criteria

Major Category Rating Criteria							
Score	I. Health & Safety	II. Environment	III. Safeguards & Security	IV. Programmatic			
10	Acceptable risk; minor incidents unlikely	In compliance; working towards ALARA	Minor problems unlikely	Minor problems unlikely			
20	Minor incidents slightly likely	Consistently in compliance; violations extremely unlikely	Routinely secure with acceptable risk	Adequate with acceptable risk			
30	Minor incidents moderately likely; serious incidents unlikely	Routinely in compliance; low -impact violations are the exception; no offsite concern	Routinely secure with some minor problems	Adequate with some minor problems			
40	Minor incidents moderately likely; serious incidents slightly likely	Occasional violations of moderate consequence	Modest threat to classified information, technology, and parts (moderately likely)	Adequacy in question with many minor problems			
50	Minor incidents likely; serious incidents moderately likely	Frequent problems of moderate consequence; occasional serious problems; moderate offsite concern	Serious threat to classified information, technology, property, and parts (moderately likely)	Mission accomplishment at moderate risk			
60	Serious incidents likely; fatalities unlikely	Consistently have problems of moderate consequence; frequent serious problems	Serious threat to SNM/tritium or personnel (moderately likely)	Mission accomplishment at high risk			
70	Serious incidents highly likely; fatalities moderately likely	Highly likely large and Uncontrolled contamination/release to offisite areas with lasting serious environmental impact	Extreme threat to SNM or personnel (moderately likely); extreme threat to classified information, technology, property, and parts (highly likely)	Critical/strategic mission accomplishment severely impacted or shut down			
80	Highly likely life threatening situation		Extreme threat to SNM or personnel (highly likely)				

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CAMP Risk Ranking Criteria

	Criticality	Ee ent essentially impossible	Lev intion - minor change from approved conditions or procedures (Category 1)	Infraction- significant approve do conditions or procedures but to arms a contra the contra st	Eo ent writh proha bility a pyroorina te ly 10 ¹¹		Violation - continuation of activ invould significantly increase probata hilliny of emitica liny (Category 3)	Er ent credible writh possibility 10°	Criticality or near criticality (Categories 4 and 5)
	Health Physics	No exposure to public or employees		Moderate exponse to the public signifyikely(1-5 signifyikely(1-5 BIM(/yr, exponse to worker up to 1 BIM(/yr, moderatelyikely		Continuous kor- ter el exposanze to the public Maky (0.0-1 Ream /yr.); high exposanze to vrodkars highly Maky(10-100 REMA/yr.	Excressive e exponent to the public dightly likely (5-100 REA(y), worker exponent above marky(5-100 REA(yr.) REA(yr.)	Moderate exposure to the public likely (1-5 REM(yr) worker fatality sightly likely	Highly like like- threatening situation
	Fire Protection	Very ber puolahiiny of worker injury	Property loss extremely unlikely or of trie inly alme	Standard industrial protection, with acceptable risk; some properity bozes expected	Be ente with minor injury the by	Serious injury mode rate by Nie by Standand industrial protection; corracional septificant property bes	Serious injury like ly, significant property loads contine	Ruhit's possib	Highly Medy Hie- threatening situation
SUBCATEGORIE	Industrial Safety	No concerns with rare minor incidents	Rev concerns, with corrected minor incidents	Meeting establiched internal objectie es	klinoz injituies evezed goals	Minor injuries frequent, or occasional articus injuries	Serious injuries firequent	Rahiris pozik	Highly Ne ly life- threatening situation
TING CRITERIA S	Industrial Hygiene	Extremely effective program to limit exposure ALARA	Very effectiv e program to limit exposure he low standards	Rontine acceptable performance in maintaining scoposue at / below standards	Fur ent against firequent r solution of exponent entrough administrative controls	Fieguent e solution of exposure standards - no controle as alb ble	Fotential substantial danger to site personue: near term action zeguired	Suktantial danger to personnel, fatalities pozable	Highly his ly life- threatening situation
JTH & SAFETY RA	Technological Base (K&D)		Der elop new technology in support of mission and mational objective eg long term probability of snowes and/or high rick	Lerelop new approaches, techniques, and technics to improre operations	Levelopnew methods to improve elenhance health (satety capability and efficiency, intermediate probability of success and (or bow risk	Der elog new methods to improt e trabance health es ziert orgabilities and probability of succes and/or ber rick	Let e kep necesary methods, processes and techniques in support of critical health or arkery objective ex short term probability of success and/or hor rade		
I. HEAL	Special Action/Team Findings		T5A Friority 3; Tiger Team Friority 4		Tiger Team Fractify 3	Tiger Team Friotity 2	TSA Friority 2	TSA Friority 1 Tiger Team Friority 1	
	Best Management Fractice	No concerns	No intere ention at present, but upcoming action possible	Some minor concerns/ zecomme ndations	Many minor concerne/ zecomme ndations	Some significant concerns/recomme ndations; sization of internal standards	Mandated fixes and schedules due to significant problems; filely suspension of operations pending action		
	Re gulatory Compliance	Abrays in compliance with high mangin	In compliance, but upcoming puoblems slightly hile ly	Consistently in compliance with consistent minor der istion	Prequent minor 7 ibitions	Frequently in compliance but, zerious viciations occasionally occur	Serious v tolation frequent, or some continuing minor dev ations, shutdown possible	Serious, life- threatening v iolations (on site personnel); shutdown assnred	Highly lie ly lite . threatening situation
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	Corrective Activities					Ont of compliance with requirements, but no signed agreement	Actions zequized as part of a signed interagency agreement	herions needed within 1 year to prevent significant itals	
	Environme ntal Restoration		Decontaminat ion and decommissioni ng (DecD) at stites with no present imperatives	Remedial actions/DetD needed to reduce risk, promote promote compliance, or mission continuity continuity		Remedial actions/DetD required by infonce agreements	Actions required as part of a part of a intraged ney agreement	Remedial actions/DerD required to protect from near-term ricks	
ATECORIES	Waste Minimization	Froces generates minimum vraste using best engineering practioe	Froess generates relatio ely little maste	Froes generates more ware than an efficient process		िरण्डल हमात्मार राज्यस्य र लाजार	Froess generates varate that source da zenutory imits	Process generates excessive waste such that zevere environmental impact is inevitable	
GCRITERIA SUBC	Airborne Follutarus (Waste Management)	No concerns	Concidently meets requirements	Emissions currently within permitted Lee 6.5, but hand to maintain	Emissions occusionally exceed permitted te etb hya small amount	Emissions frequently exceed permitted Level, bya bage amount		Emizzione extreme ly high on correcton (not life threatening)	<u>Emissions dangezonshy</u> high (life threatening)
GEMENT RATIN	Solid Waste (Waste Management)	No concerns	Con cieta meeta regunements		Coessional indéquary of permitto permitto permit fransport gring/disporal orpodity	System argaaity fitequantly madequart			
WASTE MANA	Liquid Waste Waste Management	No concerns	Effectis e transport/storag c: transent disolarge meets requirements	Occasional disolvange exceeding material goals	Occasional violation of discharge permit	Many or immediate vicitions	Lack of adequate storage / treatme nt barding/ transp ort/ packaging facilities		
IVIRONMENT/	Technological Base (R&D)		Der elop new technology in support of mission and national objectie es, long- teriores and/or succes and/or high rick	Lee e log new approaches, te chrùpues, and te chrùdologies to improv e operations	Lee e log new methodologies to improve e exhance health or starty organities and intermediate probability of success and/or success and/or	Lee e log new me thodologies to improve / enhance health or meter capabilities and efficiency short- term pools bility of term process and / or low risk	Leve k by necessary methodospics, processes and techniques in support of emisal support of emisal objectives; short term prohe hilliy of success and / or ken rick		
II. ET	Special Action/T eam Findings		Tiper Team Friothy 4		Tiger Team Priotity 3	Tiger Team Priothy 2		Tiger Team Friothy I	
	Best Manageme nt Practice	No concerns	No interrention at present, but upcoming action possible	Some minor concerns/reco mmendations	Many minor concerns/ zeco mmendations; significant concerns/ zeco mmendations	Violation of contractor contractor contractor contractor suspension of operations file ly	Mandated fires and caledrates due to seputicant problem: likely surperations perations action		
	Regulatory Compliance	No vio lations	Consistently in compliance but upcoming problems possible	Consistently in compliance with consistent minor devisitions	Prequent minor v ichtions	Prequently in compliance, but serious viciations cocrasionally cocrus	ferious r subtions frequent	Violation of law with potential genius cir il or criminal puoblems	
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III. SAFEGUARDS & SECURITY RATING CRITERIA SUBCATEGORIES	Protection from Hostile Action	No chance for exposure to danger		later she sance, sance sance sance			Carnot reasonably assnue protection serious injury possible	Terrorist attach or hostage with fatatities possible	
	Protection of Property from Theft & Loss Non-SNM, Non- CLASSIFIED	Loss extremely rare and of trivial value	Some small bees expected	Standard inductrial puote ettion	Occasional significant loss; frequent minor loss	Coastional major loss			
	Protection of Class, Into., Technology, and Farts (Non- SNM0			Theft or die erzion possibilities normally countered			Loss of chestified information, technology, or parts is likely (Intentional) or unintentional)		
	Protection of SNM	Substantially exceeds protection requirements	Very zenze only zenario conli succed	Theft or die erzion possibilities accerptably countered		Theft or dis errion possibilities that es ade initial de tection system	Carntot reasonably assure protection	Reasonable sexnaries possible, der ärison on theft guthrvays apparent	
	SIMM Accountability	Abrays meets standards	Conciently meets standards	Minor problems, but compensatory measures av ath ble	Pregnent problems, but compensationy measures av sitt ble	Accountability different verbin reasonable response time, but resolution moderately likely	Serious problems; accounta hility nucestain within reasonable response time	Numerous SNM v ibitions	
	Technological Base (R.E.D)		Lev elop neve technology in support of mission and mational polycethe eg long term prolability digh rick	Der elsp new technology, approaches, techniques, and methious improre operations	Lev ekp new methods to improve e/enhance 586 angalhithes and efficiency intermediate machiny of snowes and/or mediane	Ler ekp new methods to more e (enhance 5%6 angabilities and efficiency short term probability of succes and/or rick	Ler ekp necesary methods to support critical Solyccin es, short term puola bility of success and/or low rick		
	Special Action/Team Findings		Eatistactory or erall((]6⊞)		Marginal classified information, te chnology parts (JocH)	Unstitutory classified information, technology parts (locif)	Marginal - SVM (I&E)	Unatidactory SNM (18E)	
	Best Maragement Practice		No Interr ention at present but, possible	Some minor concerns/recomme ndations	Many minor concerne/recomme ndations	More significant concerne/recomme ndations	Mandated fices and schedules due to sgnificant problems; ble hy suspension of operations pending action		
	Compliance with Orders Fe gulations, Policies, MSSA	In compliance, no problems	Consistently in compliance, with some minor deviations	Rontine <i>ly</i> in compliance with some minor deviations	Preguently in compliance, but serious visitions corresonally corru- for cherrified info purts purts	Serious v iolating frequent for chearized information, rechnology, and rechnology, and ontinuing ontinuing	Prequently in compliance, but SINIA vialations consionally corne	Many serious v is bettene for intermetion, te chuolegy, and purts, Many SNM v is hittone, per main e lack of compliance with SNM regulations	Extreme threat to SMM or personal (highly likely)
	Score	9	ล	R	8	8	8	8	8

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IV. FROGRAMMATICRATING CRITERIA	Physical Condition	Like-new condition	Good - performs to original specs with routhe preventive maintenance, downtime does not affect operation/mission	Adequate - meets mission, but cannot perform to all original specs, some corrective maintenance necessary	Fair - occasional substandard operation; repetitine corrective meintenance; can meet mission with minor problems	Poor - consistent substandard performance: operations/mission titreatened	Severely deteriorated; mission assignment at high risk	Critical/strategic facilities inoperable
	Quality	Able to meet requirements; minor improvements possible	Able to meet requirements; improvements possible	Able to meet requirements; some significant improvements required	Able to meet requirements; many significant improvements required	Unable to meet some requirements	urable to meet most requirements	
	Capacity	Exceeds requirements to support mission	Viable for mission		Viable for mission on schedule with overtime; problems problems likely	On schedule with significant overtime	Dradequate capacity to support minumun requirements of mission	
	Capability	State of the art to meet known future requirements	Process adequate to meet program mission requirements warranted		Can meet mission with problems litely	Can meet mission with difficulty	Caunot meet mission; or unique carability in jeopardy	Critical/strategi c mission capability does not exist
	Technological Base (R.&D)		Develop new technology in support of mission an mational opertive: long-term probability of success and/ or high risk	Develop new approaches, techniques, and methodologies to improve operations	Develop new methodologies to improve / anhance mission capability and efficiency: intermediate probability of success and / or medium risk	Develop new methodologies to improve / enhance mission capability and efficiency: short-term probability of success and / or low risk	Develop necessary methodologies, processes, and techniques in support or critical programmetic objectives; short-term probability of success and/ or low risk	
	Best Management Fractice	No concerns	No intervention at present but upcoming action possible; IROR <u>></u> 20%	Some minor concerns/recom mendations; IROR > 50%	IROR > 75%; Some significant concerns/recom mendations	Violation of Internal standards: suspension of operations daily; IROR > 100%	Mandated fixes and schedules due to significant problems: likely suspension of operations pending action	
	Compliance with Orders Initiatives, Directives	Exceeds requirements	In compliance, but upcoming problems slightly likely	Consistently in compliance, with occasional minor deviations		Frequently in compliance, but serious violations occasionally occur	Serious violations frequent or many continuing minor deviations; shutdown possible	
	Soore	10	20	30	40	20	99	70 80



* The OPEX Committee is appointed by the Facilities Division Head for the purpose of ranking OPEX projects according to CAMP criteria. The committee shall include the Manager of Building Services, Manager of Maintenance and Operations, engineers and technicians familiar with the major facilities and infrastructure systems at PPPL, and representatives of the ES&H and Environmental Services organizations.

Implements work planning, executes, and manages OPEX Projects

<u>Head of Facilities</u> Tracks and Evaluates OPEX Projects